## NAME OF PROJECT Indorama India Private Ltd (Jagdishpur)

CLEARANCE LETTER NO.:

21/15/84-EN-I issued on 8.1.1985

PERIOD OF COMPLIANCE LETTER October -22 – March-23

## ENVIRONMENT CONDITIONS

	<u>ENVIRONMENT CONDITIONS</u>						
SNo	CONDITION	COMPLIANCE STATUS					
1.	All efforts should be made by the project Proponent in maintaining the air emissions to the lowest possible preferably well below the prescribed limits, utilizing the best available technologies in this regard. The limits are	<b>In Compliance.</b> Air emissions are being maintained below prescribed limits. NOx & SOx are well within the prescribed limit of SPCB. Trend of emission from the stacks are as below for the period of October-22 – March -23					
	as indicated below:				Primary		
	a Ammonia (NH2) E0		SGP stack	GT stack	Reformer		
	ppm	Nox	74 – 82 ppm	77– 83 ppm	174 – 184 ppm		
	c Metal dust - 30 mg/ Nm <sup>3</sup>	Sox	BDL	BDL	BDL		
The level of urea dust mentioned above has been specially agreed to in view	Prilling	<b>Tower</b> Min	Max	Average			
	of the difficulties expressed by the project Proponent and to bring			IVIUX			
expressed by Proponent an down further		SPM	34 mg/nm3	40 mg/nm3,	36.58 mg/nm3		
	down further extensive	NH3	36 ppm	44 ppm	39.53 ppm		
	technology changes may have to be adopted which are difficult at the present stage of technology tie- ups. Stringent standards are to be adopted whether these are from Central Board or State Board for Pollution control.	There is no metal dust found in the analysis from Prilling Tower. The current limit of SPM at prilling tower is 50 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup> as per EC No. J-11011/314/2006-IA. II (I) issued on dated 13.7.2007.					
2.	Although the pollution problem due to emission of $SO_2$ is not expected as the sulphur content in the natural gas is 10 ppm as $H_2S$ . The stack connected to the Power plant should be provided with a continuous $SO_2$ monitoring system. The stack height shall be as stipulated in	<b>In Compliance.</b> Continuous on line SO <sub>2</sub> monitoring system has been provided in the stack of steam generation in Power Plant for continuous monitoring of SO <sub>2</sub> Gaseous Emission. Stack height is 125 meters as per regulations.					

	Central Board's regulations								
3.	The Prilling tower should have a built-in facilities for monitoring the urea dust discharge from it.	<b>In Compliance</b> . The course monitoring has be No.21/15/84-IA-II dated Delhi. As suggested in the emission at urea prilling weekly basis and statist compliance status against submitted to Regional official	ondition een wai 24.10. he amer tower i tical an c conditio ce on m	for buved of 2000 ndment is bein alysis on No.1 onthly	uilt in fa ff as pe of MOE t, the u ng monit of data L above) basis.	acility of er letter EF, New rea dust cored on a (Refer is being			
4.	The control of air emissions in the plant environment depends very much on control measures and house keeping. Leaks and other unguarded releases should be promptly identified and set right. When air stripping of ammonia is adopted for effluent treatment, the tower should be located with due consideration of wind direction.	<b>In Compliance</b> . Effective and leaks if any and/or identified and attended pr world class practices like are also helping in keepin friendly.	e control unguarc romptly. ISO-140 ng area	measu led rel We ha 001, TF clean a	ures are eases a ave also PM, 5S e and envi	in place re being adopted tc which ronment			
5.	For effective dispersion atmospheric emissions stack height should be a minimum 90 meters diameter of 28m. The ground level concentration of individual pollutants should be within the limits prescribed by the competent authority	In Compliance. Prilling its diameter is 28meter. Ground level concentrati within limits prescribed Please refer Table 1. Ta Location Synthesis gas area Near R2 in Urea plant Near bagging machine Location	Tower h ion of i by the <b>ble – 1</b> Ammo Min 5.0 5.0 4.0 SPM Min	ndividu comp nia in Max 6.0 6.0 7.0 1 in µg Max	is 95 m Jal pollu Jetent a <b>ppm</b> <b>Avg.</b> 5.50 5.42 5.67 <b>/M<sup>3</sup></b> <b>Avg.</b>	meter and llutants is authority.			
		Near bagging machine Near truck loading area	114.0 108.0	128.0 122.0	118.75 116.75 125.75				
		Livear KZ in Orea plailt	11/.0	150.0	123.13				
6.	The Industry should install separate drains for (a) storm water, (b) sanitary waste waters and (c) liquid industrial effluent and the entire layout plan for this must get approved by the U.P. State Pollution Control Board.	<b>In Compliance.</b> There a water, sanitary wastewater, sanitary wastewater, Layout plan for the same Control Board vide their le dated 28.10.99.	are sepa er and li is appro etter No.	arate o quid in oved b G2289	drains fo idustrial y State 93/C-6/v	or storm effluent. Pollution water/30			
7.	The waste- waters of raw water treatment plant, D.M. plant and the boiler	<b>In Compliance.</b> Waste treatment plant, boiler separate from waste eff	e- wate blow d luents c	r of down of Amr	DM Plai has be <u>nonia P</u>	nt, pre- en kept ant and			

	blow-down water shall not be allowed to mix up with the ammonia and urea plant effluents. Proper segregation of effluents should be made for ensuring better environmental control measures.	Urea Plant since design stage. For effective environmental control appropriate measures, proper segregation of effluents has been made by providing separate pits from design stage.
8.	The hydrolyser-stripper	In Compliance. TKN during the period of October -22–
	to obtain less than 100	
	mg/L of total Kjeldhal	At Hydrolyser stripper outlet
	nitrogen (TKN) in the	Average-5.6 ppm
	ammonia and urea plants	At APC Stripper Outlet
	along with their cooling	Average–8.2 ppm
0	tower blow-down.	The Compliance An eily water treatment eveters for
9.	should be treated for	treatment of oil-bearing water is working since inception
	removal of oily matter	and oil is controlled within the prescribed limit.
	before discharge to the	
10.	A separate treatment plant	In Compliance. Sewage from township as well as
	should be provided to treat	factory is being treated separately in Sewage treatment
	township to meet the	plant(STP). Design details and test report of domestic effluent water quality from STP is being verified by
	standards laid- down by	UPPCB vide letter No. 420/I-3/A/2022-23 dated
	the U.P. Pollution control	08.08.2022. All domestic treated effluent is being
	sewage treatment plant	utilized for irrigation purposes from June-2022 onwards.
	should also be made	
	available to the U.P.	
	and Central Board. The	
	treated effluent can be	
	utilized on land, if	
11.	Sanitary sewage from	In Compliance. Sanitary sewage from plant toilets is
	Plant toilets can be treated	treated in sewage treatment plant along with sewage
	along with the ammonical	from township.
12.	Holding tanks of adequate	In Compliance. A waste-water buffer tank for
	capacity should be	occasional draining from urea plant has been provided
	constructed to take care of	to hold waste- water for min. 4 hours. The holding time has been decided by LIPPCB Authority vide their letter
	particularly from the urea	No. G22893/c-6/water/30 dated 28.10.99.
	plant. The time of holding	
	State Pollution Control	the existing hydrolyser unit of the mainstream &
	Board. This waste-water	recycled in the process.
	may be either treats in the	
	stripper or an additional	
	ammonia stripping system	
	to treat the effluent stored	

in the holding tank should be provided;					
13. Use of biocides namely Methylene, biocynate and quaternary amines for controlling microbiological activity in the cooling water is envisaged. Toxicity and concentration of these biocides or any other the presently proposed by the project proponent should be assessed and adequate steps should be taken to avoid any adverse effect on flora and fauna including the workers of the factory as well as or the user of the water from the river in which the waste-water is finally to be	in cooling water o monitor toxicity also checked by esults are always				
14.There should be a guard pond located near the terminal end of all the effluents before final disposal to the Kathora nallah. This ponds for equalisation of theIn Compliance. Guard ponds have be terminal end of effluents. Guard pon compartments namely 1714 A and 1714 The pollutants are discharged only after treatment during the period of October -: are given in table-2.	<b>In Compliance.</b> Guard ponds have been provided near terminal end of effluents. Guard pond is having two compartments namely 1714 A and 1714 B. The pollutants are discharged only after conforming to the prescribed limit. Statistical data of final effluent after treatment during the period of October -22 – March -23 are given in table-2.				
effluents and also to <b>Table -2</b>					
provide some detention Parameter Result i	Kesult in ppm				
time before disposal. The Min. Max	. Avg				
pond snall nave two pH 7.1 7.80	7.36				
compartments. One will be Total Suspended solid 37.00 57.0	) 44.41				
kept empty while the other TAN 8.00 39.0	0 23.10				
will be operated as a TKN 17.00 57.0	38.00				
routing guard pond. When Free Ammonia N.T. 1.65	0.42				
the concentration of the Oil & Grease N.T. N.T.	N.I.				
pollutants are nign in the Nitrate Nitrogen 4.00 9.00	/.80				
Indi endent, corrective Phosphate as P 0.70 1.90	1.34				
measures should be taken COD 15.00 28.0	$\frac{10.70}{10.70}$				
at source and effluent shall BOD 9.00 14.0	0 10.70				
De discharged at a Lead (as Pb) N.I. N.I.	N.I.				
regulated rate after Copper (as Cu) N.1. N.1	N.1.				
treatment, to conform the Zinc (as Zn.) 0.10 0.5:	0.33				
prescribed limits; Nickel (as Ni) N.I. N.I.	N.1.				
Fluoride (as F) $0./6$ $1.10$ Substitution (as F) $0.040$ $0.01$	0.93				
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	0.010				
$\frac{1100 \text{ (as Fe)}}{1100 \text{ (as Fe)}} = 0.10  0.38$					
Vanadium (as V) N.T. 0.10	0.096				
Bloassay test for 90% Pass Pas	n				
curvival after 06 bro	s Pass				
survival after 96 hrs.	s Pass				

		compounds & Radioactive materials are not applicable to us.
15.	The urea solution (scrubbed) must be reused in the production of urea;	<b>In Compliance.</b> Scrubbed /urea dust is being reused in production of urea.
16.	Continuous flow indicator, pH and ammonia analysers with recording system along with high level alarm device should be provided for monitoring the final combined waste- waters at the guard pond as well as ammonia and urea bearing stream separately;	<b>In Compliance.</b> Continuous flow indicator, pH and ammonia analysers with recording system along with high level alarm at guard ponds are provided. Similar analyzers are provided at the Ammonia & Urea bearing streams in Urea plant.
17.	Efforts should be made to utilize the final effluent to the maximum possible extent for the purpose of irrigation or developing green belts surrounding the battery limit of the factory;	<b>In Compliance.</b> Pipe network is spread in plant as well as in township for utilization of final treated effluents for green belt development and 66.06% of final treated mixed effluent has been utilized during the period of October -22 – March-23.
18.	Provision for sludge lagoons has to be incorporated and dry sludge shall be used for land-fill purpose with suitable land-scape taking care that the leachates if any, do not reach the ground water;	<b>In Compliance.</b> We have stopped Lime softening system for softening of raw water and have installed environment friendly technology of Zeolite based softening in Nov'04. This has resulted in total elimination of Dry Sludge generation.
19.	Noise and vibration within the plant environment require attention for their suppression. Adequate personal protective equipment should be provided to the workers for mitigating the ill effects of noise pollution;	<b>In Compliance.</b> Noise control measures are in built with plant. Adequate personal protective equipment is also provided to workers for mitigating ill effects of noise pollution wherever required. Caution against high noise, are also displayed at prominent places in high noise area for use of PPE.
20.	The development of green belt and its maintenance is the responsibility of the project proponent. While making the land use plan, adequate emphasis should be given to this aspect and the trees chosen for development of green belt should be such that they will be able to offer maximum green cover	<b>In Compliance.</b> The condition of Green belt has been amended vide the letter of MOEF, New Delhi No.21/15/84-IA-II dated 24.10.2000. After debottlenecking, greenbelt is maintained as per EC issued vide letter No. J 11011/314/2006-IA-II(I) issued on 13.7.2007 by MOEF.

(canopy). The plant drawn-up in this should be commu- to the Department Environment. Green 50 meters wide throw the periphery of the site, except betwee switch yard and metering station at the Rly siding (towards road No. 4) meters depth of downward direction wind at the plant site Road No.4) and 2000 wide near 24 mt UPSIDC road,500 wide on each side road passing in b the plant and ress site areas shoud developed. Site within their own co they should develop side green complex;21.	thereby regard nicated ent of belt of ughout e plant en the I Gas and on side 5), 150 n the on of te (i.e. 0 meter Wide meters of the etween idential Id be milarly, ampus, o road-	Complia	nce. Envi	ronmenta	al para	meters	are be	eina
environmental para	meters mo	nitored r	egularly	and all	the re	eports	are be	eing
(air, water-surface) as sub-surface.	as well   sub noise/   A	mitted to well-equin	statutory ped labo	bodies. ratorv ha	avina †	trained	staff a	and
vibration, soil)	micro- mo	dern equi	pments is	s operati	ing rou	ind the	e clock	for
performance of p	a and mo ollution env	/ironment	monitorin	g are alre	eady in	place.	upment	ror
control facilities	n the Am	bient air	quality is	monitor	red on	regula	ar interv	/als
assessing the	future   We	have inst	alled cont	tinuous o	nline a	mbient	air qua	ality
impact of the indus	stry on mo	nitoring s	ystem for	r parame	eters of	f PM-1	0, PM-2	2.5,
environmental surv	eillance   mo	nitoring s	tations in	downwin	d direc	tion.	Results	are
laboratory with	full ind	icated in t	able 3 bel	ow-				
staff and equ	trained   ipment		rable-3					
should start working	oratory	Range	PM - 10 PPM	PM-2.5 PPM	NOx µg/M³	Sox µg/M³	NH3 µa/M <sup>3</sup>	
initiation of	the Mi	n.	37.00	25.00	10.0	BDL	24.00	
construction phase	so that	ax.	63.00	43.00	20.0	BDL	69.00	
necessary back-		y. deraround	vater au	ality is a	13.0/	nitored	at requ	ılar
guality and other fac	ctors in l inte	ervals bv	four N	los of	Digital	type	teleme	etry
that region is	made pie	zometers	installed	inside t	he cor	nplex	& 2 h	and
available for	future pur	nps locate	d in near-	by area.		+h -	uia di C	
references.	Micro- Sui	mmary of ober -22 – I	Ground wa	ater analy s as under	ysis for :	the pe	riod of	
also be collected	at the				•			
project site from	n the							

	beginning.	pH : $7.10 - 7.70$ Nitrate as : N.T - 0.90 ppm Fluoride as F: 0.40- 0.60 ppm Ammonia as NH3: N.T. Phosphate as P: N.T.
22.	Disposal of solid wastes catalysts should be carefully regulated. Probable composition of the catalyst to be used, be made available to this Department. The waste- catalyst disposal should be indicated in the management plan to be prepared with alterations;	<b>In Compliance.</b> Disposal of Hazardous waste is being done to authorized reprocessors as per guidelines of Hazardous waste rule 1989. Hazardous Waste Authorization issued by UPPCB is valid up to 20.02.2024. Composition of catalysts used & its management plan has already been submitted to MOEF/SPCB.
23.	Proper safety and fire hazards precautions should be planned before plant goes into operation and should be reported to this Deptt.	<b>In Compliance.</b> Action plan for handling of hazardous chemicals and fire & safety are in practice. Company is also certified for ISO-18001, Occupational health & safety management system for effective management & monitoring.
24.	Details of pollution control devices and methodologies of treatment should be provided to this Department as soon as they are finalised;	<b>In Compliance.</b> Details of pollution control devices and methodologies of treatment system has already been submitted to MOEF.
25.	The standards laid-down for occupation health of the works should be adopted and followed. If the Indian Standards in this regard are not available, the relevant WHO/ILO/OSHA standards should be followed;	<b>In Compliance.</b> Standard laid down for occupational health of workers have been adopted as per Factory act. Health checkup of all employees was carried out on regular interval & no employee was found affected with occupational disease.
26.	The project proponents should prepare an Environmental Management Plan for the proposed activities and their long-term plan envisaged in this regard, incorporating the suggestions made by the Department of Environment to minimize the impact of pollutants due to setting-up of this industry in Jagdishpur region. The EMP should also include budgetary	<ul> <li>In Compliance. EMP had been prepared incorporating suggestions and recommendations of Department of Environment &amp; Forest.</li> <li>We are performing various socio-economic activities for welfare of communities. In addition to this, environment objectives are set by respective departments, with action plan under ISO-14001 for continuous improvement of Environment Protection.</li> </ul>

	provisions that are made for this purpose and socio- economic aspects;	
27.	Report on the implementation of various suggestions and the data gathered as above should be submitted to the Department of Environment, at regular intervals.	<b>In Compliance.</b> Necessary analysis & monitoring data & information's are mentioned in respective column of conditions.
Amer	nded conditions as per lett	er No. 21/15/84-IA dated 9.3.1988
i	Ambient air quality stations are to be relocated at Plants site in consultation with Meteorological department, Govt. of India, New Delhi.	<b>In Compliance.</b> Ambient air stations were reviewed by meteorological dep't. Vide their letter No. EMU-01966/8730 dated 7.7.1999 & advised no change in the existing locations. Further, these are again reviewed by the SPCB vide their letter NO. 330/Air monitoring/08-09 dated 06.08.2008 based on which AAQ station No.2 has been relocated as per recommendation of SPCB. Further on our request, the location of air monitoring stations have been reviewed by the SPCB and found satisfactory vide their letter no-1025/I-2/C/11-12 dated 27.01.12. Moreover, on our request, these are again reviewed by the SPCB vide their letter No. 638/I-2/11-12 dated 30.11.2012 based on which AAQ station No.3 has been relocated as per recommendation of SPCB.
ii	Only LSHS should be used until the natural gas supply reaches the plant.	<b>In Compliance.</b> The Use of LSHS stopped & Natural gas is being used continuously.
	<ul> <li>Green belt as proposed below must be developed &amp; maintained</li> <li>a. A 200 m wide green belt all around the periphery.</li> <li>b. A 300 m green belt in the downward direction of the wind prevailing for most of the time.</li> </ul>	<b>In Compliance.</b> The condition of Green belt has been amended vide the letter of MOEF, New Delhi No.21/15/84-IA-II dated 24.10.2000. After debottlenecking, greenbelt is maintained as per EC issued vide letter No. J 11011/314/2006-IA-II(I) issued on 13.7.2007 by MoEFCC.